

Fitness for Life

Unit 1 – Competency in motor skills and movement patterns needed to perform a variety of physical activities.

I Cans:

- Demonstrate an understanding of the fitness outcomes in a variety of activities.
 - Demonstrate basic competence in a variety of activities that contribute to improvement of overall fitness.
 - Analyze daily activities such as walking, climbing, lifting, and various household chores for their ability to provide fitness benefits.
 - Modify sports and activities to include an aerobic benefit.
 - > Use FITT (frequency, intensity, time, type) guidelines to evaluate activities.
- Demonstrate active participation outside of the school day.
 - > Participate in recreational activities offered through community agencies.
 - > Participate in activities developing fitness outside of the school day.
 - > Maintain activity journals illustrating activity participation outside of school hours.

Unit 2 –Understanding of movement, fitness and nutrition concepts, principles, and strategies as they apply to the learning and performance of fitness activities.

I Cans:

- Recognize the relationship between physical activity and personal health.
 - > Recognize that health-related fitness is a lifelong process unique to each individual.
 - Identify genetic influences on body type, sedentary lifestyle diseases, muscle types, and rates of weight gain and loss.
 - Describe how physical activity affects body mass composition, including muscle and fat percentages and bone density.
 - > Describe the mental, social, and psychological benefits of physical activity.
 - > Describe how exercise increases longevity and quality of life through the reduction of stress.
- Explain the elements of physical fitness, e.g., flexibility, cardiovascular endurance, and body composition).
 - Review the elements of physical fitness.
 - Define maximum volume of oxygen uptake (VO2 Max), respiratory rate, cardiac output, stroke volume, and heart rate, all concepts of cardiovascular endurance.
 - Explore concepts related to flexibility, e.g., genetics, static vs. ballistic stretching, and joint variations.
 - Explain the concepts related to muscular strength, e.g., isotonic, isometric, and isokinetic exercises, the overload principle, and the work/rest ratio.
 - Explain the concepts related to muscular endurance, e.g., high repetitions with low resistance, sport specificity, and the work/rest ratio.
- Explain training principles and how they impact physical fitness.
 - Explain the principles of warm-up and cool-down as they relate to proper stretching, active vs. passive recovery, and injury prevention and rehabilitation.
 - Explain methods and the importance of using heart rates to monitor the intensity of physical activities.

- Calculate individual target heart rate training zones by using the maximum heart rate formula or maximum heart rate reserve formula.
- Provide definitions for overload, progression, specificity, reversibility, frequency, duration, intensity, and rest and recovery.
- > Compare aerobic and anaerobic activities, showing examples of each.
- Observe safety precautions in training, e.g., over-training, altitude, pollution, and temperature extremes.
- Develop weight-training programs to build muscular strength, muscular endurance or a combination of the two.
- Understand the relationship between proper nutrition and personal health and fitness.
 - Explain the role of nutrition in overall health and fitness.
 - Explain proper balance between food intake and energy expenditure.
 - Compare the effects and/or dangers of weight loss and gain on body composition and personal health.
 - Identify the benefits and dangers of various dietary supplements such as vitamins, minerals, herbs, power drinks, steroids, and performance-enhancing drugs.
 - Identify strategies for developing a healthy self-concept and acceptance of one's body makeup.

Unit 3 – Participate regularly in physical activity.

I Cans:

- Assess personal health and fitness levels.
 - Research family history for health-risk factors such as coronary heart disease, cancer, diabetes, cholesterol, and blood pressure.
 - Assess known personal health risk factors considering age, gender, body composition, blood pressure, heart rate, cholesterol levels, and daily stress situations.
 - Assess personal fitness status regarding activity participation, energy expenditure, elements of physical fitness, and nutritional practices.
- Develop and implement a personal fitness plan.
 - Pre-test to establish baseline fitness information for muscular strength and endurance, flexibility, body composition, heart rate, blood pressure, and cardiovascular endurance.
 - Develop personal fitness goals based on the pre-testing results and use a post-test to show progress and improvement.
 - List and evaluate activities that develop specific elements of physical fitness.
 - Participate in a variety of individual and group activities appropriate for enhancing physical fitness both during and after school hours.
 - Incorporate appropriate training principles including overload, progression, specificity, intervals, circuits, reversibility, maximum heart rate, target heart rate, perceived exertion, and rest and recovery,
 - Calculate and monitor daily caloric intake and expenditure for weight management, and utilize an activity journal to track progress.

Unit 4 – Achieve and maintain a health-enhancing level of physical fitness. I Cans:

- Participate in personally meaningful activities
 - Participate regularly in physical activities that contribute to the attainment and maintenance of personal fitness goals.
 - Use results of post fitness assessments to guide changes in fitness plan.
 - Analyze time, cost, and accessibility factors in determining activity participation in community settings.
 - Recognize how physical activities impact a person's physical, emotional, social, and intellectual well-being.

- Use a variety of technological resources to design, monitor, and adjust fitness programs.
 - Use heart rate monitors or pulse sticks to monitor heart rates.
 - Calculate body composition by using skin-fold calipers or electrical impedance analyzers.
 - Calculate blood pressure using digital monitors.
 - Use computer software to track progress in fitness programs and to perform a nutritional analysis.
 - Access various websites to assist in developing, evaluating, and revising personal fitness programs.

Unit 5 – Exhibit responsible personal and social behavior that respects self and others in physical activity settings.

I Cans:

- Accept diversity of people in activity settings.
 - Demonstrate acceptance of others regarding varying skills, abilities, limitations, and cultural backgrounds.
 - > Take an active role in helping others achieve success.
 - Identify the effects of age, gender, race, ethnicity, physical makeup, and culture on physical activity preference and participation.
- Make responsible choices in activity settings.
 - Recognize the effects of environmental conditions like wind, temperature, humidity, and altitude on activity performance.
 - > Examine the effects of substance abuse on health and performance.
 - > Explore the consequences of eating disorders at either end of the spectrum.
 - Identify appropriate risks and safety factors in the selection of fitness activities.
 - Accept responsibility for personal choices
- Demonstrate personal responsibility and the ability to work with others in activity settings.
 - > Utilize time effectively to set personal goals, practice, and complete assigned tasks.
 - > Work independently and on task with a partner and in small or large group activities.
 - > Demonstrate maturity and self-control in conflict situations.
 - Take a supportive role to encourage and positively influence peers in a variety of activity settings.
 - > Participate in academic service-learning activities available in the community.

Unit 6 – Physical activity for health, enjoyment, challenge, self expression, and/or social interaction.

I Cans:

- Understand that physical activity provides opportunities for enjoyment and social interaction.
 - > Select competitive and recreational activities that bring personal satisfaction.
 - > Appreciate the aesthetic value of activity participation in a variety of settings.
 - Recognize that physical activities offer a positive environment to meet and interact with people of varying interests and ability levels.
 - Describe how the participation with others can positively influence the attainment of personal fitness goals.
- Recognize that physical activity provides opportunities for personal challenge.
 - > Explore a variety of personally challenging activities during and after school hours.
 - Voluntarily participate in competitive and recreational activities.
 - Utilize short- and long-term goals in activity selection.
 - Define challenges and risk factors that change with the aging process.
- Utilize physical activities to provide opportunities for self-expression.
 - > Choose activities that are personally rewarding.
 - Utilize imagination, self-expression, and creativity in designing personal fitness plans.
 - Bolster self-esteem through activity participation.

Participate in programs and facilities in the community that foster activity choice and selfexpression.